

STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Financial and Compliance Audit Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Justin P. Wilson, Comptroller



Division of State Audit Financial and Compliance Section

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Assistant Director

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Audit Manager

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In-Charge Auditor

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Technical Manager

Amy Brack

Editor

Amanda Adams

Assistant Editor

Comptroller of the Treasury, Division of State Audit

Cordell Hull Building 425 Fifth Avenue North Nashville, TN 37243 (615) 401-7897

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Justin P. Wilson

Comptroller

JASON E. MUMPOWER

Chief of Staff

February 21, 2018

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perry, Executive Director

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Transmitted herewith is the financial and compliance audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2017. You will note from the independent auditor's report that an unmodified opinion was given on the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements.

Consideration of internal control over financial reporting and tests of compliance resulted in no audit findings.

Sincerely,

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA, Director

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Division of State Audit

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Audit Report

Tennessee Housing Development Agency

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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State of Tennessee

Audit Highlights

Comptroller of the Treasury

Division of State Audit

Financial and Compliance Audit

Tennessee Housing Development Agency

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Opinion on the Financial Statements

The opinion on the financial statements is unmodified.

Audit Findings

The audit report contains no findings.



STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

SUITE 1500, JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING 505 DEADERICK STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used

and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2017, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension asset for the State and Higher Education Retirement Plan, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability for the Closed State and Higher Education Pension Plan, the schedule of contributions to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, the schedule of contributions to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, and the other postemployment benefits schedule of funding progress, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and

reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2017, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Deboral V. L'oreland

Director

December 11, 2017

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

Introduction – The Tennessee Housing Development Agency

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2017, THDA has originated over 116,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 44-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-105). This board meets regularly on a bimonthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements

of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year.

The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discretely presented "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr.

Financial Highlights

Year Ended June 30, 2017

- Total assets increased by \$99.1 million, or 4.0%.
- Total liabilities increased by \$102.4 million, or 5.2%.
- Net position was \$510.0 million. This is a decrease of \$1.0 million, or 0.2%, from fiscal year 2016.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$137.3 million, or 59.2%.
- Total investments decreased by \$68.5 million, or 24.9%.
- Bonds payable increased by \$74.0 million, or 3.9%.
- THDA originated \$325.9 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$32.4 million, or 11.0%, from the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the Agency

Net Position – The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	2017	2016	
Current assets	\$ 427,265	\$ 393,675	
Capital assets Other noncurrent assets	1,809 2,146,413	1,175 2,081,560	
Total assets	2,575,487	2,476,410	
Deferred outflows of resources	4,726	3,142	

-		
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	185,772 1,883,961	149,798 1,817,534
Total liabilities	2,069,733	1,967,332
Deferred inflows of resources	514	1,288
Invested in capital assets Restricted net position Unrestricted net position	1,809 430,633 77,524	1,175 430,114 79,643
Total net position	\$ 509,966	\$ 510,932

2017 to 2016

THDA's total net position decreased by \$1.0 million because operating income was less than the amount by which nonoperating expenses exceeded nonoperating revenues.

First and second mortgage loans (net of allowance for forgivable second mortgages) receivable increased by \$31.7 million. During fiscal year 2017, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$32.4 million, whereas mortgage loan payoffs decreased by \$23.1 million and mortgage loan repayments decreased \$2.4 million. In addition, THDA recognized an allowance for future forgiveness of forgivable second mortgages of \$10.0 million for fiscal year 2017.

Total liabilities increased \$102.4 million. The increase is primarily due to a \$74.0 million increase of bonds payable at June 30, 2017, as compared to June 30, 2016.

Changes in Net Position – The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

_	2017	2016
Operating revenues		
Mortgage interest income	\$ 87,963	\$ 90,235
Investment income	1,743	5,872
Other	18,546	17,052
Total operating revenues	108,252	113,159
Operating expenses		
Interest expense	56,892	62,045
Other	41,980	41,916
Total operating expenses	98,872	103,961
Operating income	9,380	9,198
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Grant revenues	277,877	269,226
Grant expenses	(288,223)	(281,899)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10,346)	(12,673)
Change in net position	\$ (966)	\$ (3,475)

2017 to 2016

Total operating revenues decreased \$4.9 million, primarily due to a decrease in investment income of \$4.1 million. During fiscal year 2017, certain long-term investments with high interest yields matured, which were re-invested into other investments having contemporary investment yields. In addition, fair value of investments decreased by \$3.8 million in fiscal year 2016 and decreased by \$5.6 million in fiscal year 2017.

Total operating expenses decreased \$5.1 million. This is primarily due to a bond debt strategy to use mortgage loan prepayments to call bonds on a monthly basis, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

Debt Activity – Bonds outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total bonds payable increased \$74.0 million, which is deemed an insignificant year-over-year variance. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$462.0 million, with activity arising from four bond issues.

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$47.7 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates. In addition to the nominal tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds issued, THDA also issued one taxable bond issue primarily for economic refunding opportunities.

Bond Ratings

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during fiscal year 2017 or fiscal year 2016.

Debt Limits

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

Grant Programs

During fiscal year 2007 through fiscal year 2009, the General Assembly appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that was titled by THDA the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

	2017	2016	2015 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:				
THDA	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	\$59,800,000	\$74,800,000
State Appropriation	-	-	4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	\$64,150,000	\$79,150,000
Approved Uses:				
Rural Repair Program (USDA)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,300,000	\$ 6,300,000
Ramp Programs & Hsg Modification	300,000	_	1,350,000	1,650,000
Emergency Repairs	2,700,000	2,700,000	15,800,000	21,200,000
Competitive Grants	3,500,000	2,800,000	34,800,000	41,100,000
Rebuild & Recover	500,000	500,000	2,800,000	3,800,000
Other Grants	500,000	1,500,000	3,100,000	5,100,000
Totals	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	\$64,150,000	\$79,150,000

Current Mortgage Products and Environment

In October of 2013, THDA made a significant change to its mortgage lending program. On October 1, 2013, the Great Choice and the Great Choice Plus loan programs were introduced and the Great Rate, Great Advantage, and Great Start loan programs were eliminated. The Great Choice loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30-year fixed rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the Great Choice Plus loan program, which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years. During fiscal year 2015, the Great Choice Plus loan product was modified to a forgivable second mortgage, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced within the first nine years of closing. Beginning in year 10, the loan is forgiven at the rate of 20% per year. The loan is fully forgiven at the end of year 15. Subsequently, in October of 2016, the Great Choice Loan product was revised to feature a 30-year forgiveness requirement, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced or otherwise paid in full within the first 30 years of closing.

A special interest rate reduction on the Great Choice loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as "Homeownership for the Brave," provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for Great Choice loans. In addition to the rate reduction, Homeownership for the Brave applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the Great Choice Plus second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All first mortgage loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer/guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages, interest-only mortgages, "buy-down" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgages), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans. Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development);
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program);
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration); and
- private mortgage insurance.

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have LTV ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's Internet site at https://thda.org/homebuyers/homebuyers.

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2017, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of Loans	Principle Amount	
Loan Status	Loans Serviced	in Status	Outstanding	Percentage ¹
60 – 89 Days Past Due	23,187	413	\$ 33,195,660	1.78%
90+ Days Past Due	23,187	1,388	108,494,506	5.99%
In Foreclosure	23,187	163	15,139,374	0.69%

Economic Factors

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a benchmark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury rates as established by the United States Treasury.

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increases the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

Direct Loan Servicing

During FY 2017, THDA began the direct servicing of mortgage loans under the name of Volunteer Mortgage Loan Servicing ("VMLS"). On November 1, 2016, the servicing of approximately 1,800 THDA mortgage loans having an outstanding principal balance of \$91.5 million was transferred to VMLS from an existing THDA mortgage servicer.

Contacting THDA's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer, at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

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¹ Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

Assets Current assets: \$ 262,872 Investments (Note 2) \$ 1,346 Receivables: \$ 993 Accounts 993 Interest 11,531 First mortgage loans 62,336 Due from federal government 28,186 Prepaid expenses 1 Total current assets 427,265 Noncurrent assets: *** Restricted assets: *** Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 95,738 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: ** Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222	(Expressed in Thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) \$ 262,872 Investments (Note 2) 61,346 Receivables: 993 Accounts 993 Interest 11,531 First mortgage loans 62,336 Due from federal government 28,186 Prepaid expenses 1 Total current assets 427,265 Noncurrent assets: *** Restricted assets: *** Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: *** Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 2,575,487 <th>Assets</th> <th></th>	Assets	
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Prepaid expenses 1 Total current assets 427,265 Noncurrent assets: 8 Restricted assets: 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	First mortgage loans	62,336
Total current assets 427,265 Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Due from federal government	28,186
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 5 Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Prepaid expenses	1
Restricted assets: 106,050 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 2 Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Total current assets	427,265
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) 106,050 Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 862 Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864		
Investments (Note 2) 95,738 Investment interest receivable 881 Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 862 Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Restricted assets:	
Investment interest receivable881Investments (Note 2)49,135First mortgage loans receivable1,870,877Second mortgage loans receivable30,559Allowance for forgivable second mortgages(9,984)Advance to local government3,124Net pension asset (Note 5)33Capital assets:Furniture and equipment3,565Less accumulated depreciation(1,756)Total noncurrent assets2,148,222Total assets2,575,487Deferred Outflows of Resources862Deferred amount on refundings862Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5)3,864	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	106,050
Investments (Note 2) 49,135 First mortgage loans receivable 1,870,877 Second mortgage loans receivable 30,559 Allowance for forgivable second mortgages (9,984) Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Investments (Note 2)	95,738
First mortgage loans receivable Second mortgage loans receivable Allowance for forgivable second mortgages Advance to local government Net pension asset (Note 5) Capital assets: Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total assets Peferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 1,870,877 30,559 1,984) 1,870,877 3,565 1,244 1,724 1,756) 1,756) 1,870,877 1,870,87	Investment interest receivable	881
Second mortgage loans receivable Allowance for forgivable second mortgages Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) Capital assets: Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total assets Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 33,864	Investments (Note 2)	49,135
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) Capital assets: Furniture and equipment 5,565 Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	First mortgage loans receivable	1,870,877
Advance to local government 3,124 Net pension asset (Note 5) 33 Capital assets: 5 Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Second mortgage loans receivable	30,559
Net pension asset (Note 5) Capital assets: Furniture and equipment Joseph General Section 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Allowance for forgivable second mortgages	(9,984)
Capital assets: Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Advance to local government	3,124
Furniture and equipment 3,565 Less accumulated depreciation (1,756) Total noncurrent assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Net pension asset (Note 5)	33
Less accumulated depreciation(1,756)Total noncurrent assets2,148,222Total assets2,575,487Deferred Outflows of ResourcesDeferred amount on refundings862Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5)3,864	Capital assets:	
Total noncurrent assets Total assets 2,148,222 Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Furniture and equipment	3,565
Total assets 2,575,487 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Less accumulated depreciation	(1,756)
Deferred Outflows of ResourcesDeferred amount on refundings862Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5)3,864	Total noncurrent assets	2,148,222
Deferred amount on refundings 862 Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Total assets	2,575,487
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) 3,864	Deferred amount on refundings	862
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>	3,864
		4,726

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 13,359
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	632
Compensated absences	667
Due to primary government	723
Interest payable	29,855
Escrow deposits	1,536
Prepayments on mortgage loans	1,279
Due to federal government	26,301
Bonds payable (Note 3)	111,420
Total current liabilities	185,772
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable (Note 3)	1,869,036
Compensated absences	647
Net pension liability (Note 5)	7,652
Net OPEB obligation (Note 9)	1,661
Escrow deposits	3,855
Arbitrage rebate payable	1,110
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,883,961
Total liabilities	2,069,733
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 5)	514
Total deferred inflows of resources	514
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,809
Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 4 and Note 7)	418,137
Restricted for grant programs (Note 4)	9,310
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 4)	3,153
Restricted for net pension asset (Note 5)	33
Unrestricted (Note 7)	77,524
Total net position	\$ 509,966

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)	
Operating Revenues	
Mortgage interest income	\$ 87,963
Investment income:	. ,
Interest	7,319
Net (decrease) in the fair value of investments	(5,576)
Federal grant administration fees	13,784
Fees and other income	4,762
Total operating revenues	108,252
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and benefits	18,404
Contractual services	5,665
Materials and supplies	1,576
Rentals and insurance	25
Other administrative expenses	694
Other program expenses	5,273
Interest expense	56,892
Mortgage service fees	6,391
Issuance costs	3,602
Depreciation	350
Total operating expenses	98,872
Operating income	9,380
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Federal grants revenue	277,873
Other grants revenue	4
Federal grants expenses	(277,717)
Local grants expenses	(10,506)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10,346)
Change in net position	(966)
Total net position, July 1	510,932

\$509,966

Total net position, June 30

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 386,565
Receipts from federal government	13,867
Receipts from other funds	551
Other miscellaneous receipts	4,762
Acquisition of mortgage loans	(325,857)
Payments to service mortgages	(6,391)
Payments to suppliers	(9,197)
Payments to federal government	(3,684)
Payments to other funds	(551)
Payments to or for employees	(18,852)
Net cash provided by operating activities	41,213
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Operating grants received	300,591
Proceeds from sale of bonds	473,792
Operating grants paid	(285,422)
Call premium paid	(36)
Cost of issuance paid	(3,602)
Principal payments	(393,570)
Interest paid	(65,442)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	26,311
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchases of capital assets	(983)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(983)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	389,882
Purchases of investments	(327,170)
Investment interest received	7,780
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value reporting and	
classified as cash equivalents	219
Net cash provided by investing activities	70,711
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	137,252
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	231,670
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 368,922

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating
activities:

activities:	
Operating income	\$ 9,380
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating	
activities:	
Depreciation	350
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	3,067
Decrease in mortgage interest receivable	398
(Increase) in pension asset	(20)
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows	(1,703)
(Increase) in mortgage loans receivable	(31,780)
Decrease in due from federal government	83
Increase in accounts payable	3,395
Increase in accrued payroll/compensated absences	176
Increase in due to primary government	651
(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability	(2,984)
Increase in pension liability	2,223
(Decrease) in deferred pension inflows	(774)
Investment income included as operating revenue	(1,743)
Interest expense included as operating expense	56,892
Issuance cost included as operating expense	3,602
Total adjustments	31,833
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,213
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	\$(3,111)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$(3,111)
<i>C</i> , 1 ,	

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 et seq. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as ex officio board members of the agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and Title 24, *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 964, Subpart E. *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 et seq. was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

THDA is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust

indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds, Bond Reserve Funds, the Tax and Insurance Holding/Escrow account, Payment Clearing and Disbursement accounts, and Net Pension Assets (see Note 4).

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

The Tax and Insurance Holding/Escrow account is used to service mortgage accounts. These funds are tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of various mortgagors from payments collected on mortgages. The agency is obligated to expend these monies on escrowed items. The Payment Clearing and Disbursement accounts are also used to service mortgages.

Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.

Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

Loan Servicing

On November 1, 2016, THDA began servicing the mortgage loans previously serviced by an approved THDA Loan Servicer and in May of 2017 began servicing the loans originated from THDA's Originating Agents.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds

outstanding. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Allowance for Forgivable Second Mortgages

THDA has offered the Down Payment Assistance product for several years. Beginning in October 2014, this product changed to a 0% forgivable second mortgage loan, of which 100% of the original principal amount is repayable to THDA if the loan is repaid within ten years of the origination date. Beginning on the eleventh anniversary of the origination date, 20% of the original principal amount will be forgiven. The amount of forgiveness increases an additional 20% on the loan anniversary thereafter. On the 15th anniversary of the origination date, 100% of the original principal amount becomes forgiven. Because of the likelihood that some amount of the original principal amount will be forgiven in the course of time, an allowance account has been established for those loans that may enter the forgivable period.

Beginning in April 2017 this product changed to 100% forgivable second mortgage loan for the 30-year term of the first mortgage. It is 100% repayable in the event the home is sold, refinanced or owners move out of the home. Because of the likelihood that the majority of second mortgage loans will be repaid in the course of the 30-year term, the allowance account established for the second mortgage loans beginning October 2014 will not be used for any second mortgages made after March 2017.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2017, the bank balance was \$32,272,907. This amount includes \$1,744,933; which is held in a T&I Escrow account to pay taxes, insurance and mortgage insurance premiums on the mortgagor's behalf. All bank balances at June 30, 2017, were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury requires the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2017, \$28,690,966 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$28,440,966 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State Treasurer. The fund's investments are measured at amortized cost. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov.

Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than 50% of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2	017
		Effective Duration
Investment Type	Fair Value	(Years)
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$124,172,337	1.728
U.S. Treasury Coupon	27,114,235	2.056
U.S. Agency Discount	162,862,870	0.084
Total	\$314,149,442	0.905

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> – THDA implemented GASB Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. THDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. THDA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017, (expressed in thousands):

	June 30, 2017					
		Quoted Prices in				
		Active Markets		Significant		
		for Identical	Significant Other	Unobservable		
	Total Assets at	Assets	Observable Inputs	Inputs		
Assets by Fair Value Level	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Debt securities						
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$124,172	\$ -	\$124,172	\$ -		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	27,114	27,114	-	-		
U.S. Agency Discount	162,863	-	162,863	-		
Total debt securities	\$314,149	\$27,114	\$287,035	\$ -		

Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical assets as those securities. Assets classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for similar assets as those securities. Level 3 valuations are derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to the Investments section of Note 1 for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2017, are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

_	June 30, 2017				
		U.S.			
Investment Type	Fair Value	Treasury ²	AAA	AA+	Not Rated ³
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$124,172,337	\$ -	\$-	\$121,738,787	\$ 2,433,550
U.S. Treasury Coupon	27,114,235	27,114,235	-	-	-
U.S. Agency Discount	162,862,870	-	-	-	162,862,870
Total	\$314,149,442	\$27,114,235	\$-	\$121,738,787	\$165,296,420

In addition to these investments, the agency has \$229,226,502 invested in a money market fund. This fund is measured at amortized cost and has a Standard and Poor's rating of AAA.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 3	30, 2017
Issuer	Fair Value (Thousands)	% of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$178,179	56.72
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	\$ 31,734	10.10
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$ 74,688	23.77

GASB 79 Disclosures – During fiscal year 2016, THDA implemented GASB Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The State of Tennessee, by law, requires that THDA participate in the State Pool Investment Fund (SPIF). SPIF values financial instruments at amortized cost. There are no minimum or maximum limitations on withdrawals with the exception of a 24-hour notification period for withdrawals of \$5 million or more.

Note 3. Liabilities

Bonds Issued and Outstanding

Homeownership Program Bonds

Series	Maturity Range	Issued Amount (Thousands)	Interest Rate (Percent)	Ending Balance 6/30/2017 (Thousands)
2007-4	1/1/2009 - 7/1/2038	\$150,000	3.75 to 5.50	\$ 23,110
2008-1	7/1/2009 - 1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	12,920
2009-1	1/1/2010 - 7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	17,060
2009-2	7/1/2010 - 7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	22,125

 $^{^2}$ This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

³ This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

2010-1	1/1/2011 - 7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	43,110
2011-1	7/1/2012 - 7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	77,430
2012-1	1/1/2013 - 7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	71,785
2012-2	7/1/2013 - 7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	55,795
Plus: Unamortize	rship Program Bonds d Bond Premiums hip Program Bonds	\$827,690	_	\$323,335 2,817 \$326,152

Housing Finance Program Bonds

Series	Maturity Range	Issued Amount (Thousands)	Interest Rate (Percent)	Ending Balance 6/30/2017 (Thousands)
2009-A	1/1/2011 - 1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$ 11,265
2010-A	1/1/2011 - 7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	16,840
2010-B	7/1/2011 - 7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	49,435
2011-A	7/1/2011 - 7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	14,900
2011-B	7/1/2012 - 7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	54,985
2011-C	7/1/2012 - 7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	52,385
2015-A	1/1/2016 - 7/1/2045	150,000	0.30 to 3.85	118,405
Plus: Unamortized		\$810,000		\$318,215 3,521
Net Housing Finar	nce Program Bonds			\$321,736

Residential Finance Program Bonds

	Restucii	tiai i ilianee i i ogi alli	Donus	
		Issued Amount	Interest Rate	Ending Balance 6/30/2017
Series	Maturity Range	(Thousands)	(Percent)	(Thousands)
2013-1	1/1/2014 – 7/1/2043	\$ 215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$ 122,355
2013-2	7/1/2014 - 7/1/2043	121,300	0.45 to 4.65	79,315
2014-1	1/1/2014 - 7/1/2049 1/1/2015 - 7/1/2039	150,000	0.32 to 4.00	110,980
2014-2	7/1/2015 - 7/1/2045	150,000	0.25 to 4.00	122,025
2015-1	1/1/2016 - 7/1/2045	150,000	0.50 to 4.05	135,000
2015-2	7/1/2016 - 1/1/2046	175,000	0.40 to 4.00	157,285
2016-1	1/1/2010 - 1/1/2047	125,000	0.625 to 3.50	117,765
2016-2	7/1/2017 - 1/1/2047	125,000	0.72 to 3.50	120,775
2016-3	7/1/2017 - 7/1/2031	62,000	1.00 to 3.50	62,000
2017-1	1/1/2018 - 7/1/2042	100,000	0.95 to 4.00	100,000
2017-2	1/1/2018 - 1/1/2042	175,000	0.90 to 4.00	175,000
2017 2	1/1/2010 1/1/2012	172,000	0.50 to 1.00	170,000
Total Residential F	inance Program Bonds	\$1,549,205		\$1,302,500
Plus: Unamortized	•	+ , ,		30,079
Net Residential Finance Program Bonds				\$1,332,579
	8			. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net Total All Bond	S			\$1,980,467
	-			+-,>00,.01

<u>Housing Finance Program Bonds</u> – The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program, which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2017, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s) Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2018	\$ 40,650	\$ 62.967	\$ 103,617
2019	70,865	65,092	135,957
2020	73,235	63,386	136,621
2021	77,710	61,470	139,180
2022	76,730	59,291	136,021
2023 - 2027	387,255	259,290	646,545
2028 - 2032	379,994	193,992	573,986
2033 - 2037	374,226	123,720	497,946
2038 - 2042	331,540	57,686	389,226
2043 - 2047	131,845	10,269	142,114
Total	\$1.944.050	\$057.162	\$2,001,212
10tai	\$1,944,030	\$957,163	\$2,901,213

Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2017, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$97,236,000, in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$70,510,000, and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$111,550,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$98,407,537, \$71,242,629 and \$114,475,759. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$1,171,537, to the Housing Finance Program of \$732,629, and to the Residential Finance Program of \$2,925,759.

On May 18, 2016, the agency issued \$125,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2016-1. On July 1, 2016, the agency used \$24,060,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$24,060,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$24,060,000. The refunding increased the agency's debt service by \$5,737,592 over the next 20.00 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,034,466.

On October 18, 2016, the agency issued \$125,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2016-2. On January 1, 2017, the agency used \$24,205,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$24,205,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$24,205,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$292,971 over the next 20.00 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,273,731.

On November 16, 2016, the agency issued \$62,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2016-3. On January 1, 2017, the agency used \$62,000,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$62,000,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$63,848,048. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$29,424,149 over the next 20.125 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$16,645,830.

On March 30, 2017, the agency issued \$100,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2017-1.

Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 (expressed in thousands).

Long-term Liability	Beginning Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year ⁴
Bonds Payable	\$1,875,620	\$462,000	(\$393,570)	\$1,944,050	\$111,420
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	30,916	11,995	(6,505)	36,406	-
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(42)	-	42	-	-
Compensated Absences	1,244	70	-	1,314	667
Net Pension Liability	5,429	3,784	(1,561)	7,652	-
Escrow Deposits	3,437	4,798	(2,844)	5,391	1,536
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	4,094	700	(3,684)	1,110	-
Total	\$1,920,698	\$483,347	(\$408,122)	\$1,995,923	\$113,623

Note 4. Restricted Net Position

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

Note 5. Pension Plans

Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

<u>Plan description</u> – State employees and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014, are provided with

⁴Amounts due within one year include management-authorized bond refundings at June 30.

pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. This plan is a component of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan stopped accepting new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, a new agent defined benefit retirement plan, the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, became effective for state employees and higher education employees hired on or after July 1, 2014.

The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined using the following formula:

Average of Member's Highest Compensation for 5 Consecutive Years (up to Social Security Integration Level)	x	1.50%	X	Years of Service Credit	X	105%
Plus:						
Average of Member's Highest Compensation for 5 Consecutive Years (over Social Security Integration Level)	x	1.75%	X	Years of Service Credit	x	105%

A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service are required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. Members who leave employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contributions for state employees and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. THDA employees are non-contributory, as are most members in the Closed State and Higher

Education Employee Pension Plan. State and higher education agencies make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by THDA for the year ended June 30, 2017, to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan were \$1,542,218, which is 15.02 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension liability – At June 30, 2017, THDA reported a liability of \$7,652,061 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. THDA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of THDA's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2016, to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2016, measurement date, THDA's proportion was 0.419391 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 0.421046.

<u>Pension expense</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2017, THDA recognized a pension expense of \$1,285,004. Allocated pension expense was \$1,319,667 before being reduced by \$34,663 due to a change in proportionate share.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2017, THDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 429,122	\$406,599
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	1,850,632	-
Changes in proportion	-	103,989
Tennessee Housing Development Agency		
contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2016	1,542,218	<u>-</u>
Total	\$3,821,972	\$510,588

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from THDA's employer contributions of \$1,542,218 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 63,089
2019	63,089
2020	1,105,389
2021	537,600
2022	-
Thereafter	_

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age,

including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including

inflation

Cost of living adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012, actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012, actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012; (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation; and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents THDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what THDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$15,037,844	\$7,652,061	\$1,424,149

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, THDA reported a payable of \$61,261 for the outstanding amount of legally required contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

<u>Plan description</u> – State and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. TCRS is a multiple-employer pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan was closed effective June 30, 2014, and covers employees hired before July 1, 2014. Employees hired after June 30, 2014, are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under *Tennessee Code Annotated* Title 8, Chapters 34-37.

Benefits provided – Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation by 1.0 percent multiplied by the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 80 in which the member's age and service credit total 80. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service are required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. Members who leave employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contributions for state and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of their salary. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot

be less than 4 percent for all aggregate employee groups, except for in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by the Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2017, to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan were \$34,927, which is 1.14 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension asset</u> – At June 30, 2017, THDA reported an asset of \$33,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. THDA's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of THDA's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2016, to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2016, measurement date, THDA's proportion was 0.391715 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was 0.457171.

<u>Pension expense</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2017, THDA recognized a pension expense of \$18,614. Allocated pension expense was \$18,475 before being increased by \$139 due to a change in proportionate share.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,401	\$3,546
Net difference between projected and actual	,	. ,
earnings on pension plan investments	3,848	-
Changes in proportion	1,110	-
Tennessee Housing Development Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2016	34,927	-
Total	\$42,286	\$3,546

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from THDA's employer contributions of \$34,927 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$934
2019	934
2020	934
2021	776
2022	(68)
Thereafter	303

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total pension asset as of the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age,

including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including

inflation

Cost of living adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012, actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012, actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012; (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation; and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
	_	100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension asset to changes in the discount rate – The following presents THDA's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what THDA's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Inc			
_	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's			_	
proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$3,946	\$33,000	\$54,766	

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, THDA reported a payable of \$1,820 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2017.

Total Defined Benefit Pension Expense

The total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 for both defined benefit pension plans was \$1,303,618.

Note 6. Deferred Compensation Plans

The THDA, through the State of Tennessee, offers employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to Internal Revenue Code, Section 457, and the other pursuant to Internal Revenue Code (IRC), Section 401(k). The plans are outsourced to third-party vendors, and the administrative costs assessed by the vendors of these plans are the responsibility of plan participants. Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees; therefore, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k) and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans. Participation in the 457 plan is voluntary for employees. The THDA provides up to a \$50 monthly employer match for employees who participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Employees hired before July 1, 2014, voluntarily participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Pursuant to Public Chapter No. 259 of Public Acts of 2013, employees hired after June 30, 2014, are automatically enrolled in the state's 401(k) plan and contribute 2% of their salary with the employer contributing an additional non-matching 5%. Employees may opt out of the 2% auto enrollment. Such contribution rates may only be amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. There are certain automatic cost controls and unfunded liability controls in the defined benefit plan where the employees participate that may impact the non-matching 5% employer contribution to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in both the employee and employer contributions in both plans. The IRC establishes maximum limits that an employee can contribute to these plans. The employee may increase, decrease, or stop contributions at any time for either plan.

The THDA recognized a pension expense of \$262,539 for employer contributions.

The THDA recognized a pension payable of \$13,001 for employer contributions

Note 7. Provisions for Mortgage Loan Losses

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration, an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

Note 8. Insurance-Related Activities

Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property; crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees; and cyber liability coverage. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The Risk Management Fund is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$7.5 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$7.5 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is presented in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2017, the Risk Management Fund held \$167 million in cash designated for payment of claims.

Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

Note 9. Other-Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans—the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 8-27-201. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, members who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan. That plan does not include pharmacy. Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2015, is not eligible to continue insurance coverage at retirement in either the Employee Group Plan or the Medicare Supplement Plan. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> – The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including THDA (see Note 10). The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

Funding Policy – The premium requirements of plan members of the State Employment Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plans are self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan, adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees 65 years of age or older are provided flat-rate premium subsidies, based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of

service receive \$50 per month; retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15 but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation
State Employee Group Plan
(Thousands)

June 30, 2017
\$ 353
60
(60)
353
(294)
59
1,602
\$1,661

				Net OPEB
			Percentage of	Obligation
		Annual OPEB Cost	Annual OPEB Cost	at Year End
Year End	Plan	(Thousands)	Contributed	(Thousands)
6/30/2017	State Employee Group Plan	\$353	83%	\$1,661
6/30/2016	State Employee Group Plan	\$341	74%	\$1,602
6/30/2015	State Employee Group Plan	\$357	71%	\$1,516

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> – The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2015, was as follows (expressed in thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2015
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$10,046
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	29%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> – Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a

long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% initially. The rate decreases to 6% in fiscal year 2016, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% in fiscal year 2050. All rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007. Payroll is assumed to grow at a rate of 3 percent.

Note 10. On-Behalf Payments

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$7,163 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan. The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 9. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

Note 11. Payments to Primary Government

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2017-3, were sold on September 28, 2017. The bond maturities are as follows:

Series	Maturity Range	Issued Amount	Interest Rate (Percent)
2017-3	7/1/2018 - 1/1/2048	\$99,900,000	0.800 to 3.650

Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2017-4, were authorized by the board of directors on September 22, 2017, not to exceed \$100,000,000. The sale of the bonds will occur no later than February 28, 2018.

In order to preserve Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bond volume capacity, Residential Finance Program Convertible Option Bonds, Issue 2017-5, were authorized by the board of directors on November 14, 2017, not to exceed \$900,000,000. The sale of the bonds will occur no later than December 31, 2017.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

		(Expressed in	Thousands)		
	THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset	THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset	THDA's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset
2017	0.391715%	\$33	\$1,661	1.99%	130.56%
2016	0.457171%	13	498	2.60%	142.55%

^{*}To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Closed State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

				Proportionate	Plan
				Share of the	Fiduciary Net
	THDA's	THDA's		Net Pension	Position as a
	Proportion of	Proportionate		Liability as a	Percentage of
	the Net	Share of the	THDA's	Percentage of	the Total
	Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2017	0.4102010/	Φ7.652	Ø10 2 40	74.720/	07.060/
2017	0.419391%	\$7,652	\$10,240	74.73%	87.96%
2016	0.421046%	5,429	10,994	49.38%	91.26%
2015	0.429581%	2,964	11,601	25.55%	95.11%

^{*}To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of THDA's Contributions

State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

		THDA's			
		Contributions in			Contributions
	THDA's	Relation to			as a Percentage
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	THDA's	of THDA's
	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contributions	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
	0.5		Φ.	D2 0.60	4.4407
2017	\$35	\$35	\$-	\$3,068	1.14%
2016	47	47	_	1,661	2.81%
				•	
2015	19	19	-	498	3.82%

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of THDA's Contributions

Closed State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

		THDA's			Contributions
		Contributions			as a
	THDA's	in Relation to			Percentage of
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	THDA's	THDA's
	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contributions	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
			/	-	 -
2017	\$1,542	\$1,542	\$-	\$10,268	15.02%
	,	ŕ		•	
2016	1,539	1,539	-	10,240	15.03%
2015	1,652	1,652	-	10,994	15.03%
2011				44.604	4.7.000/
2014	1,744	1,744	-	11,601	15.03%
2012	1 (02	1 (02		11 264	15.020/
2013	1,693	1,693	-	11,264	15.03%
2012	1,632	1,632	_	10,946	14.91%
2012	1,032	1,032		10,540	14.7170
2011	1,586	1,586	_	10,637	14.91%
	1,000	1,000		10,00,	1 11,9 1,70
2010	1,295	1,295	-	9,946	13.02%
2009	1,201	1,201	-	9,224	13.02%
2008	1,297	1,297	-	9,522	13.62%

Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress

(Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Plan	Actuarial Value of Asset (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2015	State Employee Group Plan	\$-	\$2,923	\$2,923	0%	\$10,046	29%
7/1/2013	State Employee Group Plan	-	2,964	2,964	0%	9,841	30%
7/1/2011	State Employee Group Plan	-	2,919	2,919	0%	9,818	30%

Supplementary Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

		,	1			,						
	Operating Group			ge Finance ogram	nce Home-Ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds		To	Totals
Assets												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	942	\$	20,592	\$	42,719	\$	32,791	\$	165,828	\$	262,872
Investments		-		598		9,620		4,577		46,551		61,346
Receivables:												
Accounts		-		211		-		-		782		993
Interest		-		19		2,561		2,560		6,391		11,531
First mortgage loans		156		2,087		17,772		9,326		32,995		62,336
Due from federal government		28,186		-		-		-		-		28,186
Due from other funds		1,863		-		-		-		427		2,290
Prepaid expenses		1		-				-		-		1
Total current assets		31,148		23,507		72,672		49,254		252,974		429,555
Noncurrent assets:												
Restricted assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents		30,424		-		47,337		7,509		20,780		106,050
Investments		-		-		56,784		13,697		25,257		95,738
Investment interest receivable		-		-		769		48		64		881
Investments		-		1,787		-		-		47,348		49,135
First mortgage loans receivable		544		47,969		328,173		310,642	1	,183,549	1	,870,877
Second mortgage loans receivable		-		-		30,559		-		-		30,559
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages		-		-		(9,984)		-		-		(9,984)
Advance to local government		3,124		-		-		-		-		3,124
Net pension asset		33		-		-		-		-		33
Capital assets:												
Furniture and equipment		3,565		-		-		-		-		3,565
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,756)		-		-		-		-		(1,756)
Total noncurrent assets		35,934		49,756		453,638		331,896	1	,276,998	2	2,148,222
Total assets		67,082		73,263		526,310		381,150		,529,972		2,577,777
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred amount on refundings		-		-		222		-		640		862
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3,864		-		-		-		-		3,864
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,864	\$	-	\$	222	\$	-	\$	640	\$	4,726

(Continued)

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY Supplementary Schedule of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

	(Expressed in Thousands)							
	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home-Ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 11,307	\$ 2	\$ 1,221	\$ 779	\$ 50	\$ 13,359		
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	632	-	-	-	-	632		
Compensated absences	667	-	-	-	-	667		
Due to primary government	723	-	-	-	-	723		
Interest payable	-	-	6,463	5,414	17,978	29,855		
Escrow deposits	1,536	-	-	-	-	1,536		
Prepayments on mortgage loans	10	-	235	175	859	1,279		
Due to federal government	26,301	-	-	-	-	26,301		
Due to other funds	-	-	2,290	-	-	2,290		
Bonds payable	-	-	52,990	13,485	44,945	111,420		
Total current liabilities	41,176	2	63,199	19,853	63,832	188,062		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds payable	-	-	273,162	308,251	1,287,623	1,869,036		
Compensated absences	647	-	-	-	-	647		
Net pension liability	7,652	-	-	-	-	7,652		
Net OPEB obligation	1,661	-	-	-	-	1,661		
Escrow deposits	608	120	-	-	3,127	3,855		
Arbitrage rebate payable	-	-	1,110	-	-	1,110		
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,568	120	274,272	308,251	1,290,750	1,883,961		
Total liabilities	51,744	122	337,471	328,104	1,354,582	2,072,023		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to pensions	514	_	_	_	_	514		
Total deferred inflows of resources	514	-	-	-	-	514		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	1,809	_	_	_	_	1,809		
Restricted for single family bond programs	1,007	_	189,061	53,046	176,030	418,137		
Restricted for grant programs	_	9,310	-	-	-	9,310		
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program	3,153	-	_	_	_	3,153		
Restricted for net pension asset	33	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	33		
Unrestricted	13,693	63,831	_	_	_	77,524		
Total net position	\$ 18,688	\$ 73,141	\$ 189,061	\$ 53,046	\$ 176,030	\$ 509,966		

Supplementary Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

	,	r	/			
	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home-Ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
Operating Revenues						
Mortgage interest income	\$ -	\$ 44	\$ 22,459	\$ 16,162	\$ 49,298	\$ 87,963
Investment income:			. ,			,
Interest	71	110	4,863	658	1,617	7,319
Net (decrease) in the fair value of	, 1	110	.,002		1,017	7,517
investments	_	(6)	(4,464)	(314)	(792)	(5,576)
Federal grant administration fees	13,784	(0)	(1,101)	(314)	(7)2)	13,784
Fees and other income	3,909	_	_	_	853	4,762
Total operating revenues	17,764	148	22,858	16,506	50,976	108,252
Total operating revenues	17,764	148	22,838	10,300	30,976	108,232
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and benefits	18,404	-	-	-	-	18,404
Contractual services	5,664	-	-	-	1	5,665
Materials and supplies	1,576	-	-	-	=	1,576
Rentals and insurance	25	-	-	-	=	25
Other administrative expenses	694	-	-	-	_	694
Other program expenses	602	2	3,440	260	969	5,273
Interest expense	10	-	15,401	10,939	30,542	56,892
Mortgage service fees	-	106	1,232	1,196	3,857	6,391
Issuance costs	-	_	´ <u>-</u>	´ <u>-</u>	3,602	3,602
Depreciation	350	-	-	-	-	350
Total operating expenses	27,325	108	20,073	12,395	38,971	98,872
Operating income (loss)	(9,561)	40	2,785	4,111	12,005	9,380
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			,	,	,	
Federal grants revenue	277,873					277,873
Other grant revenue	277,873	4	-	-	-	4
	(277.717)	4	-	-	=	•
Federal grants expenses	(277,717)	-	-	-	=	(277,717)
Local grants expenses	(10,506)	- 4	-	-	-	(10,506)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(10,350)	4	-	-	-	(10,346)
Income (loss) before transfers	(19,911)	44	2,785	4,111	12,005	(966)
Transfers (to) other funds			(64,508)	(1,276)	,	(65,784)
Transfers from other funds	17,899	155	(01,500)	(1,270)	47,730	65,784
Transfers from other rands		155			17,750	05,701
Change in net position	(2,012)	199	(61,723)	2,835	59,735	(966)
Total net position, July 1	20,700	72,942	250,784	50,211	116,295	510,932
Total net position, June 30	\$ 18,688	\$ 73,141	\$ 189,061	\$ 53,046	\$ 176,030	\$ 509,966

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Supplementary Schedule of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- Ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	-					
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,050	\$ 2,725	\$ 125,063	\$ 80,599	\$ 176,128	\$ 386,565
Receipts from federal government	13,867	,,	-	-	-	13,867
Receipts from other funds	326	_	225	-	-	551
Other miscellaneous receipts	3,909	-	- -	-	853	4,762
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(5,052)	(20,848)	-	(299,957)	(325,857)
Payments to service mortgages	-	(106)	(1,232)	(1,196)	(3,857)	(6,391)
Payments to suppliers	(8,271)	(2)	-		(924)	(9,197)
Payments to federal government	-	-	(3,684)	-	· -	(3,684)
Payments to other funds	-	-	-	-	(551)	(551)
Payments to or for employees	(18,852)	-	-	-	-	(18,852)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(6,971)	(2,435)	99,524	79,403	(128,308)	41,213
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Operating grants received	300,587	4	_	_	_	300,591
Transfers in (out)	17,898	155	88,447	(1,276)	(105,224)	-
Proceeds from sale of bonds	´ -	-	´ -	-	473,792	473,792
Operating grants paid	(285,422)	-	-	-	´ -	(285,422)
Call premium paid	-	-	-	-	(36)	(36)
Cost of issuance paid	-	-	-	-	(3,602)	(3,602)
Principal payments	-	-	(210,180)	(70,790)	(112,600)	(393,570)
Interest paid	(10)	-	(21,529)	(13,009)	(30,894)	(65,442)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	33,053	159	(143,262)	(85,075)	221,436	26,311
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchases of capital assets	(983)	=	-	-	-	(983)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(983)	-	-	-	-	(983)
Cash flows from investing activities:	-					
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	_	34,940	161,404	37,423	156,115	389,882
Purchases of investments	_	(23,270)	(115,803)	(26,865)	(161,232)	(327,170)
Investment interest received	71	120	5,285	648	1.656	7,780
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value reporting			-,		,	.,
and classified as cash equivalents	-	7	54	39	119	219
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	71	11,797	50,940	11,245	(3,342)	70,711
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	25,170	9,521	7,202	5,573	89,786	137,252
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	6,196	11,071	82,854	34,727	96,822	231,670
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 31,366	\$ 20,592	\$ 90,056	\$ 40,300	\$ 186,608	\$ 368,922

(Continued)

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY Supplementary Schedule of Cash Flows (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	(Expressed in Thousands)						
	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- Ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (9,561)	\$ 40	\$ 2,785	\$ 4,111	\$ 12,005	\$ 9,380	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used)							
by operating activities:							
Depreciation	350	-	-	-	-	350	
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	232	148	2,235	537	(85)	3,067	
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable	-	-	1,956	456	(2,014)	398	
(Increase) in pension asset	(20)	-	-	-	-	(20)	
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows	(1,703)	-	-	-	-	(1,703)	
(Increase) decrease in mortgage loans receivable	-	(2,041)	79,260	62,946	(171,945)	(31,780)	
Decrease in due from federal government	83	-	-	-	-	83	
Decrease in interfund receivables	326	-	225	-	-	551	
(Decrease) in interfund payables	-	-	-	-	(551)	(551)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,107	(478)	1,045	758	963	3,395	
Increase in accrued payroll/compensated absences	176	-	-	-	-	176	
Increase in due to primary government	651	-	-	-	-	651	
(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability	-	-	(2,984)	-	-	(2,984)	
Increase in pension liability	2,223	-	-	-	-	2,223	
(Decrease) in deferred pension inflows	(774)	-	-	-	-	(774)	
Investment income included as operating revenue	(71)	(104)	(399)	(344)	(825)	(1,743)	
Interest expense included as operating expense	10	-	15,401	10,939	30,542	56,892	
Issuance cost included as operating expense		-	-	-	3,602	3,602	
Total adjustments	2,590	(2,475)	96,739	75,292	(140,313)	31,833	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,971)	\$ (2,435)	\$ 99,524	\$ 79,403	\$(128,308)	\$ 41,213	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:							
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ -	\$ (3)	\$ (834)	\$ (181)	\$ (2,093)	\$ (3,111)	
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	<u> </u>	\$ (3)	\$ (834)	\$ (181)	\$ (2,093)	\$ (3,111)	
Total noneagh in County, capital, and intalioning activities	Ψ	ψ (3)	Ψ (054)	ψ (101)	Ψ (2,075)	Ψ (3,111)	



STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

SUITE 1500, JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING 505 DEADERICK STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

We have audited the financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

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Director

December 11, 2017